Class-5

1.Subject:Hindi

2. Objectives –

1)परिवारजन, मित्रों व शिक्षकों आदि की भाषा सुनकर समझने की योग्यता उत्पन्न करना। 2)दूसरों के साथ वार्तालाप तथा प्रतिक्रिया करने में कुशल बनाना। 3)लिखित सामग्री को व्याकरण व मात्राओं की शुद्धता के साथ पढ़ने में कुशल बनाना। 4)वर्तनी की शुद्धता सहित सही से लिखने की योग्यता का विकास करना। 5)सीखे हुए ज्ञान को परिवेश के अनुसार अपनी भाषा कौशल में विकसित करना। 6)अधिगम का स्वयं के जीवन में उपयोग एवं सृजनशक्ति का विकास करना। 7)व्याकरणिक ज्ञान में वृद्धि करना। 8)पाठन तथा श्रवण कौशल विकसित करना। 9)तार्किक कुशलता तथा कल्पना शक्ति का विकास करना।

3. Month wise division of syllabus

Lesson No./Topic	Name of the lesson	Month	
भाषा माधुरी तथा			
भाषा अभ्यास			
पाठ १	दिमागी लड़ाई	अप्रैल	
	(चित्रकथा संवाद)		
पाठ २	लौहपुरुष	अप्रैल	
	(संवाद लेखन)		
पाठ ३	पेड़	अप्रैल	
	(पौधारोपण / प्रक्रिया का वर्णन व अनुच्छेद लेखन)		

पाठ ४	पूरे एक हज़ार (प्रार्थना लेखन)	मई	
पाठ ५	दो पहलवान (विज्ञापन लेखन)	मई	
पाठ ६	नदी यहाँ पर (पोस्टर व स्लोगन लेखन)	जुलाई	
पाठ ७	पतीले की मृत्यु (पत्र लेखन)	जुलाई	
पाठ ८	टपके का डर (अनुच्छेद लेखन)	अगस्त	
पाठ ९	अजंता की सैर (पत्र लेखन)	अगस्त	
पाठ १०	यह बात समझ में आई नहीं (स्वरचित कविता लेखन)	अक्तूबर	
पाठ 11	बिरसा मुंडा (पसंदीदा क्रांतिकारी पर आधारित अभिनय व डायरी लेखन)	अक्तूबर	
पाठ १२	अगर न नभ में बादल होते (नाट्य प्रस्तुति व सचित्र अनुच्छेद लेखन)	अक्तूबर	

पाठ १३	प्रिय पौधा (अनुच्छेद लेखन)	नवंबर
पाठ १४	बुद्धिमान राजा (अनुच्छेद लेखन)	नवंबर
पाठ १५	अँधेर नगरी (कहानी लेखन)	दिसंबर
पाठ 16	चाँद का कुर्ता (सूर्य ग्रहण / चंद्र ग्रहण पर कार्यशील / वर्किंग मॉडल व डायरी लेखन)	दिसंबर
पाठ १७	हार की जीत (सूचना लेखन)	जनवरी
पाठ १८	बेट्टिना का साहस (पत्र लेखन)	जनवरी
पाठ 19	लौट आया आत्मविश्वास (विख्यात दिव्यांग महिला का सचित्र वर्णन)	जनवरी
पाठ २०	कोशिश करने वालों की	जनवरी

(फ्लिप एक्टिविटी द्वारा कविता की भाषण के रूप में प्रस्तुति व अनुच्छेद लेखन)	

4.Scheme of assessment & weightage:-

Sr. No.	Assessment cycle	Month of Assessment	Mode of Assessment	Weightage
1	PT1	Мау	Pen paper Test	35
2	PT2	July/August	Activity Based Assessment	20
3	Half YEARLY	September	Pen paper Test	70
4	PT3	October/November	Activity Based Assessment	20
5	PT4	December	Pen paper Test	35
6	Final	February/March	Pen paper Test	70

• Periodic -I (May)

भाषा माधुरी	पाठ 1 से 3
व्याकरण	संज्ञा एवं उसके भेद, क्रिया, काल, वचन, लिंग ।
रचनात्मक लेखन	अनुच्छेद ,संवाद लेखन।

• Half Yearly (september)

भाषा माधुरी	पाठ 1 से 10
व्याकरण	संज्ञा एवं उसके भेद ,सर्वनाम एवं उसके भेद, विशेषण एवं उसके भेद, काल एवं भेद ,कारक एवं भेद, अनुस्वार - अनुनासिक चिन्ह का प्रयोग, र् का प्रयोग, लिंग, वचन, विलोम, अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द, पर्यायवाची,मुहावरे ।
रचनात्मक लेखन	अनुच्छेद, अनौपचारिक पत्र, संवाद लेखन।

• Periodic -IV (December)

भाषा माधुरी	पाठ 11 से 15
व्याकरण	प्रत्यय, विराम चिन्ह, मुहावरे, अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द, पर्यायवाची।
रचनात्मक लेखन	अनुच्छेद, पत्र।

• वार्षिक परीक्षा हेतु पाठ्यक्रम

भाषा माधुरी	पाठ 11 से 20
भाषा अभ्यास	पाठ 11 से 20
व्याकरण	संज्ञा के भेद, सर्वनाम के भेद, विशेषण के भेद, उपसर्ग - प्रत्यय, विराम चिन्ह ,संयुक्त व्यंजन ,विलोम ,अनेक शब्दों के लिए एक शब्द,पर्यायवाची, मुहावरे, श्रुतिसम भिन्नार्थक शब्द।
रचनात्मक लेखन	अनुच्छेद, अनौपचारिक पत्र, सूचना लेखन, संवाद लेखन।

5. For Activity based Assessment:

*Periodic II(July/August)

• गतिविधियों पर आधारित मूल्यांकन

मूल्यांकन आधार	गतिविधियाँ
लेखन कौशल	स्लोगन लेखन
वाचन कौशल	एकल अभिनय
श्रवण कौशल	छात्रों को कोई कहानी सुनकर उस पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने होंगे
पठन कौशल	विद्यार्थियों को गद्यांश पढकर उस पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने होंगे

• Periodic -III (October/November)

गतिविधियों पर आधारित मूल्यांकन

मूल्यांकन आधार	गतिविधियाँ
लेखन कौशल	कविता लेखन / कहानी लेखन
वाचन कौशल	नाटक अभिनय
श्रवण कौशल	छात्रों को कहानी सुनकर प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने होंगे।
पठन कौशल	विद्यार्थियों को किसी महान विभूति की जीवनी पढकर उस पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने होंगे

Rubrics :

• मूल्यांकन के आधार बिंदु :

प्रकार	अति उत्तम 5	उत्तम 4	सराहनीय 3	अच्छा प्रयास 2	सुधार वंचित 1
विषय भाव के अनुरूप- संवाद, कविता लेखन,कहानी लेखन तथा अनुच्छेद लेखन इत्यादि।	विषय भाव के अनुरूप	विषय के अनुकूल।	विषय से हटकर किसीअन्य विषय कविता स्वरचित न होना।	विषय के अनुरूप वाचन या लेखन का न होना। कविता का स्वरचित न होना।	विषय सामग्री का ज्यादा प्रभावशाली न होना
लयात्मकता एवं भावात्मकता प्रस्तुति	लय और भाव का पूरा ध्यान रखा गया	लय और भाव का ध्यान	लय और भावात्मकता का ध्यान रखा गया।	भावात्मक और लयात्मकता की और ध्यान देने की आवश्यकता।	भाव और लय का अभाव।
उच्चारण की शुद्धता व स्वर की स्पष्टता	शुद्ध उच्चारण व स्पष्ट स्वर	शुद्ध उच्चारण	उच्चारण की शुद्धता पर ध्यान देने की आवश्यकता	उच्चारण की शुद्धता में कमी।	उच्चारण में शुद्धता की कमी।
हावभाव	प्रभावशाली प्रस्तुतिकरण	प्रस्तुतीकरण सराहनीय	प्रस्तुतीकरण में कमी	आत्मविश्वास की कमी	प्रस्तुतीकरण का प्रभावशाली न होना और बीच-

					बीच में भूल जाना।
आत्मविश्वास और प्रस्तुतिकरण	आत्मविश्वास सहित	आत्मविश्वास की कमी (कहीं- कहींरुकना)	आत्मविश्वास की कमी	आत्मविश्वास की कमी	लेखनी में सुधार की आवश्यकता

Note: Paper pen tests will consist of VSA, SA, LA, Case Based, LOTs, HOTs questions of 1,2 3,4 & 5 marks weightage

6. Project : Trans-Disciplinary (One for each Term)

7. Internal Assessment Break-up:

Sr. No.	Type of Assessment	Weightage
1	Activity Based Assessment	20
2	Portfolio	5
3	Project and Viva	5

8. CRAB Worksheets per chapter will be assigned

9. Prescribed Books भाषा माधुरी तथा भाषा अभ्यास

Suggested Books - रजनी (हिंदी व्याकरण-5), कथा मंजूषा-5,

मधुकलश-5

ROADMAP FOR CLASS V (2025-26)

1.Subject: Mathematics

2.Objectives:

The broad objectives of teaching of Mathematics at Primary stage are to help the learners to

- Develop a positive attitude towards learning Mathematics;
- Perform Mathematical operations and manipulation with confidence, speed and accuracy;
- I Think and reason precisely, logically and critically in any given situation;
- Comprehend, analyze, synthesize, evaluate and generalize so as to solve Mathematical problems;
- **I** To develop an interest in students to study Mathematics as a discipline;
- **I** To perform mathematical operations and manipulations with confidence.
- **I** To develop speed and accuracy in Mathematical skills.
- **To develop investigative skills in Mathematics.**
- **I** To appreciate the usefulness, power and beauty of Mathematics.
- To develop abstract, logical and critical thinking upon their work and the work of others.
- ☑ To develop inventiveness and creativity along with competence.
- Recognizing, identifying and strengthening the unique capabilities of each student in mathematics
- Multi-disciplinary and a Holistic education across Mathematics and other subjects to ensure the unity and integrity of all knowledge.

3.Month wise division of syllabus along with Learning outcomes:

1	
Т	•

Lesson No./Topic	Name of the lesson	Learning Outcomes	Month
01	Numbers Up To 99,99,99,999	• Understanding place value up to crore (10,000,000).	April

		• Reading and writing numbers in expanded form.	
02	Operations on	• Comparing and ordering numbers.	April
	Large Numbers	•Performing addition and subtraction with numbers up to crore.	
		• Identifying odd and even numbers within the given range.	
		 Solving word problems involving large numbers. 	
		•Explaining the importance of zero as a placeholder in the Indian number system.	
		 Recognizing patterns in number sequences. 	
03	Multiple and Factors(Quiz)	• Understanding the concept of multiples and factors.	May
		• Identifying multiples and factors of given numbers.	
		•Finding the least common multiple (LCM) and greatest common factor (GCF) of pairs of numbers.	
		• Applying knowledge of multiples and factors to solve real-life problems.	
		 Recognizing prime and composite numbers. 	
		•Explaining the relationship between multiples and factors.	
		• Using divisibility rules to determine whether a number is divisible by another number.	
		•Applying the concept of multiples and factors in mathematical operations such as multiplication and division.	

04 05	Fractional Numbers Decimals	 Understanding what fractions are, representing fractions on a number line, comparing fractions, adding, subtracting, multiplying, and dividing fractions, and solving word problems involving fractions. Understanding the concept of 	May July
		decimals and their relationship to whole numbers. • Identifying place value positions for decimals	
06	Addition and Subtraction of Decimal Numbers (Flipped classroom) Pre-Class Activity (At Home) Before coming to class, students will: 1. Watch a Video: Teacher will provide a YouTube link or an animated video explaining the addition and subtraction of decimal numbers with examples. 2. Explore a Real-Life Scenario : Teacher will ask students to check a grocery bill or petrol pump reading at home and note down decimal numbers from it.	 Adding and subtracting decimals using place value strategies. Applying addition and subtraction skills to solve reallife problems involving decimals. Communicating solutions using appropriate mathematical notation. Demonstrating fluency and accuracy in decimal calculations. Recognizing and correcting errors in decimal operations. Explaining the importance of precision when working with decimals. Connecting decimal addition and subtraction to concepts of money and measurement. Applying mental math strategies to compute sums and differences of decimals. 	July

3. Try a Simple	
Worksheet:	
Teacher will give	
them a few basic	
decimal	
addition/subtracti	
on problems to	
attempt before	
class.	
In-Class Activity	
(Collaborative	
Learning)	
1. Discussion &	
Concept Check	
Start with a quick	
discussion about	
what they learned	
from the video.	
•Ask students to	
share real-life	
decimal numbers	
they noted (from	
grocery bills,	
petrol prices,	
etc.).	
2. Group	
Activity:	
"Decimal	
Shopping"	
•Divide students	
into small groups	
and give them	
take price lists of	
grocery items	
with decimals	
(e.g., ₹12.75, ₹15.50)	
(45.50, etc.).	
•Each group will	
act as shoppers	
and make a list of	
items they want to	
budget $f = f = 200$	
Duaget of <200 .	
ney will add the	
thow story within	
the budget	
me budget.	

		 • Understand the properties of triangles, such as the sum of 	
16	Triangles	Identify and classify different types of triangles based on their sides and angles (equilateral, isosceles, scalene, acute obtuse and right	August
	context.		
	a practical		
	and subtraction in		
	decimal addition		
	•Reinforces		
	nands-on activities		
	learning through		
	collaborative		
	• Enhances		
	before class		
	develop self-		
	• Students		
	Outcomes:		
	Learning		
	etc.).		
	measurements.		
	transactions,		
	operations (bank		
	of decimal		
	world applications		
	Discuss real-		
	their selection.		
	how they adjusted		
	Groups present		
	Reflection		
	Discussion &		
	3. Class		
	subtract to adjust		
	budget, they must		
	If they exceed the		

		interior angles always equaling 180 degrees.	
		•Demonstrate the ability to construct triangles using given measurements or criteria.	
		•Apply knowledge of triangles to real-life situations, such as in geometry puzzles or practical measurements.	
		Students will be able to understand the concept of data and its importance in everyday life.	
17	Data Handling	• Students will learn how to collect and organize data using various methods such as tally marks, tables, and charts.	August
		• Students will be able to interpret simple data presented in tables and charts.	
		•Students will learn basic concepts of data analysis such as finding the mean, median, mode, and range of a set of numbers.	
		•Students will be able to draw conclusions from data presented and make simple predictions based on trends observed.	
		•Students will practice effective communication skills by presenting their findings and interpretations of data to their peers.	
	Revision for Mid- Term		September

07	Multiplication and Division of Decimal Numbers	Understanding the concept of decimals and their relationship to whole numbers. •Mastering the techniques for multiplying decimals by whole numbers and other decimals. • Practicing division of decimals by whole numbers and other decimals. •Applying multiplication and division of decimals in real-life scenarios, such as money or measurements. • Developing fluency and accuracy in performing calculations with decimals. •Solving word problems involving multiplication and division of decimals to enhance problem-solving skills.	October
08	Simplification of Numerical Expressions	 •Understand the concept of numerical expressions and how they represent mathematical operations. • Identify the different components of numerical expressions, such as numbers, operations (+, -, ×, ÷), and parentheses. • Demonstrate the ability to evaluate numerical expressions in the correct order (following BODMAS). • Simplify numerical expressions by combining like terms and performing operations from left to right. 	October

		• Recognize the importance of using parentheses to clarify the order of operations in complex expressions.	
		•Apply simplification techniques to solve real-life word problems involving numerical expressions.	
		• Communicate mathematical thinking clearly and justify steps taken in simplifying expressions.	
		•Develop mental math skills to simplify expressions quickly and accurately.	
10	Averages	•Understand the concept of averages and how they represent the "typical" value in a set of data.	November
		•Calculate the mean (average) of a set of numbers by adding them up and dividing by the total count.	
		•Recognize the difference between mean, median, and mode as measures of central tendency.	
		• Interpret the average as a way to represent a large amount of data in a single value.	
		• Apply the concept of averages to solve real-life problems, such as finding the average score of a sports team or the average temperature for a week.	
		• Analyze how changes in data values affect the average.	
		•Use critical thinking skills to evaluate whether the average is a meaningful representation of the data set.	
		• Communicate mathematical reasoning clearly when	

		discussing averages and their applications.	
09	Rounding Off Numbers	• Understanding the concept of rounding, being able to round numbers to the nearest ten, hundred, and thousand, and applying rounding skills to real-life situations like estimating quantities or measurements.	November
11	Profit and Loss (Experiential learning) Activity: "The Mini Market Challenge"	•Understanding the concept of profit and loss, solving simple problems involving calculating profit and loss, and applying these concepts in real-life situations such as buying and selling goods.	December
	Objective: Students will apply the concepts of cost price (CP), selling price (SP), profit, and loss in a real- life scenario.		
	Materials Needed:		
	Fake currency notes (or printed ones)		
	Small objects to sell (stationery items, fruits, or handmade crafts)		
	Price tags Chart paper &		
	market		

Steps to Conduct the Activity:	
1. Set Up a Mini Market:	
 Divide the class into small groups. Each group will act as shopkeepers and customers. 	
•Provide each shop with a few items to sell (e.g., pencils, erasers, fruits, or toys).	
2. Assign Cost Price (CP) & Selling Price (SP):	
•Let each group decide the Cost Price (CP) of their products.	
•Allow them to set their own Selling Price (SP) (either higher or lower than CP).	
3. Buying & Selling Activity:	
•Customers will visit different shops with the fake currency and buy items.	
•After all transactions, each group will calculate whether they made a Profit or Loss using formulas:	

	Profit = SP - CP (if SP > CP)		
	Loss = CP - SP (if CP > SP)		
	4. Discussion & Reflection:		
	•Each group presents their profit/loss calculations.		
	•Discuss factors affecting profit and loss (pricing strategy, demand, etc.).		
	Learning Outcomes: •Students will understand how businesses earn profit or incur loss.		
	•They will practice basic calculations in a fun and interactive way.		
	• Develops decision-making and teamwork skills.		
12	Percentage	•Understand the concept of percentages as fractions out of 100.	December
		•Learn to convert percentages to fractions and decimals, and vice versa.	
		•Apply percentages in real-life situations, such as	

		 understanding discounts or calculating tips. Practice solving percentage problems involving finding the part, whole, or percent. Develop problem-solving skills by applying percentages to solve word problems in various contexts, such as money, measurement, and data interpretation 	
13	Simple Interest	 Understanding what simple interest is and how it works. Identifying the principal amount, interest rate, and time period in simple interest calculations. Learning how to calculate simple interest using the formula 	January
		• Solving simple interest problems involving borrowing money, lending money, and saving money.	
		• Recognizing the importance of simple interest in everyday financial transactions.	

14	Bills	•Students might learn about the concept of bills, their purpose, how they become laws, the different types of bills (like money bills or private members' bills), and the legislative process involved in passing them. They may also learn about the roles of various branches of government in the legislative process.	January
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4.Scheme of assessment & weightage:

Sr.	Assessment	Month of	Syllabus	Mode of	Weightage
No.	Cycle	Assessment		Assessment	
1	PT1	May	Chapter-1 and	Pen paper	35
			2	Test	
2	PT2	July/August	Chapter-3	Activity	20
				Based	
				Assessment	
3	Half	September	Chapter-	Pen paper	70
	YEARLY		1,2,3,4,5,6,16	Test	
			and 17		
4	PT3	October/November	Chapter-10	Activity	20
				Based	
				Assessment	
5	PT4	December	Chapter- 7,8,9	Pen paper	35
			and 10	Test	
6	Final	February/March	Chapter-	Pen paper	70
			7,8,9,10,11,12,	Test	
			13 and 14		

5. For Activity based Assessment:

Nature of Activity: (Periodic Test –II) : BINGO- Game based activity

Material required: to be intimated later.

Rubrics:

Parameter	5	4	3	2	1
S OT	Excollopt	Vory Good	Good	Fair	Needs
assessine()			3000	rall	s
Evaluation	Student	Student	Student	Student provides	s Student
and	provides a	provides	nrovides	an inference that	provides an
Inference	clearly	an	an	demonstrate s	inference that
	stated	inference	inference	the	is not
	inference	that is	that is ok	misunderstandin	relevant to
	that is	reasonabl	for the	g of the question	the question.
	reasonabl	e for the	question		·
	e for the	question			
	question				
Critical	Student	Student	Student	Student tried to	Student tried
thinking	clearly	clearly	identified	identify the	to identify the
	identified	identified	the	problem and	problem but
	the	the	problem	tried to solve it.	not able to
	problem	problem	And tried		solve.
	and solved	and	to solve it.		
	IT	almost			
Creative	Student	Student	Student	Student had	Student had
thinking	had an	had solved	had	solved the	not solved
tilliking	innovative	the	almost	problem a little	the problem
	way to	problem	solved the	bit.	
	solve the	in a good	problem.		
	problem	way.	•		
Applicatio	Student	Student	Student	Student had a	Student had
n of	had	had	had	little knowledge	little
concept	applied	sufficient	limited	of the concept &	knowledge of
	knowledg	knowledg	knowledg	displayed limited	the concept
	e of the	e of the	e of the	application of the	but lacked in
	concept in	concept &	concept &	concept	application
	solving	could	could		
	the	apply to	apply to a		
	problem	great			
1	1			1	

(Periodic Test –III): Role play followed by quiz

Material Required (if any): To be intimated later

Rubrics: Role Play					
Parameters	5	4	3	2	1
of					Needs
assessment	Excellent	Verv Good	Good	Fair	Improveme
					nts
Application of concept	Students always exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the play which is applicable to day to day life problems as well.	Students usually exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the play which is applicable to day to day life problems up to	Students often exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the play which is applicable to day to day life to a little extent.	Students rarely exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the play which is applicable to day to day life .	Students never exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the play which is not applicable to
Collaboration	Always listen, shares and supports others in the group.	Usually listen, shares and supports others in the group.	Often listen, shares and supports others in the group.	Rarely listen, shares and supports others in the group.	Never listen, shares and supports others in the group.
Creativity	The props made by the group were very creative and a well balanced script was made.	Most of the props made by the group were creative and a more or less balanced script was made.	Some of the props made by the group were creative and at few places script was going weak.	Few of the props made by the group were creative and script was going weak.	The props were not made properly and the script was not proper.
Critical thinking And Problem Solving	Students clearly identified the problem and presented the most appropriate solution to it.	Students clearly identified the problem and presented an appropriate solution to it.	Students identified the problem and presented a fairly appropriate solution to it.	Students identified the problem and tried to present a solution to it.	Students didn't identified the problem and did not present a solution to it.
Evaluation and Inference	Student provided a clearly stated inference that is reasonable for the questions asked.	Student provided an inference that is reasonable for the questions asked.	Student provided an inference that is ok for the questions asked.	Student provided an inference that demonstrates the misunderstanding for the questions asked.	Student provided an inference that is not relevant for the questions asked.

RUBRICS – QUIZ

Criteria	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Needs
		-			Improvem
					ent
	Understand	Understan	Understan	Understan	Responds
	s or	ds or	ds and	ds and	to fewer
Understand	responds to	responds to	responds	responds to	than half
ing	all the	most	Correctly	few	the
	Questions	Questions	to	Questions	Questions
			Questions		or
			Attempted		Misunderst
					ood
	Shows	Shows	Shows	Shows little	Shows no
	Concept	Concept	some	Knowledge	Knowledge
Knowledge	Clarity and	and	Knowledge	of the	or
	Substantial	Knowledge	of the	Content	Incorrect
	Knowledge	of Content	Content		Knowledge
	other than	given in			of the
	the Book	the Book			Content
	Goes	Interprets	Generally,	Some	Uses
Interpretati	beyond	concepts in	uses own	Responses	Language
on	literal	own words	words	rely on	that is
	meaning to			Cited texts	Vague
	conceptual		2		2
	Expert in	Demonstra	Demonstra	Demonstra	Demonstra
Demonstra	Demonstra	tes	tes	tes little	tes
tion	tion in	Accurate	Considerab	Understan	Meaningles
	context of	Understan	le	ding of the	s or
	whole text	ding of the	Understan	Topic	Inconsisten
		Горіс	ding of the		t
			Topic		Understan
					ding

Note: Paper pen tests will consist of VSA, SA, LA, Case Based, LOTs, HOTs questions of 1,2 3,4& 5 marks weightage

- 6. Project : Trans-Disciplinary (One for each Term)
- 7. Internal Assessment Break-up:

Sr. No.	Type of Assessment	Weightage
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1	Activity Based Assessment	20
2	Portfolio	5
3	Project and Viva	5

- 8. CRAB Worksheets per chapter will be assigned.
- 9. Prescribed books:

Primary Mathematics, DAV College Managing Committee

Additional book: NCERT text book by CBSE Class V

<u>ਜਮਾਤ - ਪੰਜਵੀਂ (CLASS – V) (2025-26)</u>

ਭਾਸ਼ਾ - ਸਿੱਖਣ ਦੇ ਉਦੇਸ਼ -

1.ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਸਿੱਖਣ ਦਾ ਮੁੱਖ ਉਦੇਸ਼ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਅੰਦਰ ਜੀਵਨ ਬਾਰੇ ਚੇਤਨਤਾ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਨਾ।

- 2. ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਰੂਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਨਾ।
- 3. ਨੈਤਿਕਤਾ ਦਾ ਵਿਕਾਸ।
- 4. ਪੜਨ੍ਹ , ਲਿਖਣ , ਸੁਣਨ , ਤੇ ਸਮਝਣ ਦੀ ਕੁਸ਼ਲ ਭਰਪੂਰ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਦੇਣਾ।
- 5. ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਪਰਪੱਕ ਬਣਾਉਣਾ।
- 6. ਚੰਗੇ ਮਾੜੇ ਪਹਿਲੂਆਂ ਦੀ ਪਰਖ ਨਿਰਖ ਕਰਨਾ।

7.ਸਿਰਜਣਾਤਮਕ ਕਾਰਜਾਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੂਚੀ ਪੈਦਾ ਕਰਨਾ

LESSON NO.	LESSON NAME	MONTH	Activity
ਸਾਹਿਤ	ਵਰਨਮਾਲਾ , ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂ (ਮੁਕਤਾ ,ਕੰਨਾ ,ਸਿਹਾਰੀ)	ਅਪ੍ਰੈਲ	ਵਰਨਮਾਲਾ ਤੋਰਨ
			L
ਵਿਆਕਰਨ	ਫਲਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ ,ਸਬਜ਼ੀਆਂ ਦੇ ,ਰੰਗਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ	ਅਪ੍ਰੈਲ	ਕੋਲਾਜ
ਸਾਹਿਤ	ਮਾਤਰਾ (ਬਿਹਾਰੀ), ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂ (ਮੁਕਤਾ ,ਕੰਨਾ ,ਸਿਹਾਰੀ , ਬਿਹਾਰੀ) ਦੇ :- ਖ਼ਾਲੀ ਸਥਾਨ , ਸ਼ਬਦ ਜੋੜ , ਅਭਿਆਸ ਕਾਰਜ	ਮਈ	ਫਲੇਸ਼ ਕਾਰਡ
ਵਿਆਕਰਨ	ਗਿਣਤੀ (੧-੨੦) ਹਫ਼ਤੇ ਦੇ ਦਿਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ	ਮਈ	ਦਿਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ ਦੀ ਚੇਨ
ਸਾਹਿਤ	ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂ (ਔਂਕੜ ,ਦੁਲੈਂਕੜ , ਲਾ ,ਦੁਲਾਵਾਂ)	ਜੁਲਾਈ	ਮਾਤਰਾ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਬੰਧਤ ਤਸਵੀਰਾਂ
ਵਿਆਕਰਨ	ਲਿੰਗ ਬਦਲੀ,ਵਚਨ ਬਦਲੀ,ਵਿਰੋਧੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ,ਵਿਆਕਰਨਿਕ ਕਿਸਮਾਂ(ਨਾਂਵ ,ਪੜਨਾਂਵ) ਅਸ਼ੁੱਧ ਸ਼ੁੱਧ , ਬਹੁਤੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੀ ਥਾਂ ਇੱਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ	ਜੁਲਾਈ	A 4 ਸ਼ੀਟ ਤੇ ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ
ਸਾਹਿਤ	ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂ (ਹੋੜਾ ,ਕਨੌੜਾ)	ਅਗਸਤ	ਤਸਵੀਰਾਂ ਬਣਾਉਣਾ
ਲਿਖਣ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ	ਚਿੱਤਰ ਵਰਣਨ		ਤਸਵੀਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੰਗ ਭਰਨਾ
ਵਿਆਕਰਨ	ਮਹੀਨਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ ,ਸਰੀਰ ਦੇ ਅੰਗਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ,ਪੰਛੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ , ਜਾਨਵਰਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ ਵਰਗ ਪਹੇਲੀ	ਅਗਸਤ	ਕੋਲਾਜ
ਸਾਹਿਤ	ਲਗਾਂ ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂ ਤੇ ਲਗਾਖਰ ਪਾਠ -14,15,16 ਲਗਾਖਰ (ਬਿੰਦੀ ,ਟਿੱਪੀ, ਅੱਧਕ) ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂ ਤੇ ਲਗਾਖਰ (ਖ਼ਾਲੀ ਸਥਾਨ , ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਵਾਕ ,ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ-ਉੱਤਰ)	ਅਕਤੂਬਰ	ਚਾਰਟ
ਵਿਆਕਰਨ	ਲਿੰਗ ,ਵਚਨ ,ਵਿਰੋਧੀ ,ਸ਼ੁੱਧ- ਅਸ਼ੁੱਧ	ਅਕਤੂਬਰ	
ਸਾਹਿਤ	ਪਾਠ – ,17(ਦੁੱਤ ਅੱਖਰ) 23,24, ਗਿਣਤੀ (21 – 50)	ਨਵੰਬਰ	ਤਸਵੀਰਾਂ ਬਣਾਉਣਾ
ਲਿਖਣ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ	ਚਿੱਤਰ ਵਰਣਨ		ਤਸਵੀਰ ਵਿੱਚ ਰੰਗ ਭਰਨਾ

ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ	ਅਣਡਿੱਠਾ ਪੈਰ੍ਹਾ		ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਉੱਤਰ
ਲਿਖਣ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ	ਨਿਬੰਧ , ਨਿੱਜੀ - ਪੱਤਰ		ਨੁਕਤਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਅਧਾਰ
			ਤੇ ਨਿਬੰਧ ਲੇਖਣ
ਵਿਆਕਰਨ	ਬਹੁਤੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਥਾਂ ਇੱਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ , ਅਗੇਤਰ –ਪਿਛੇਤਰ	ਨਵੰਬਰ	ਮੂਲ ਅਤੇ ਉਤਪੰਨ
			ਸ਼ੰਦਾਂ ਦਾ ਮਿਲਾਨ
ਸਾਹਿਤ	ਪਾਠ -25,26,27,28	ਦਸੰਬਰ	ਸ਼ਬਦ ਭੰਡਾਰ
ਲਿਖਣ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ	ਨਿਬੰਧ , ਪੱਤਰ ਲੇਖਣ	ਜਨਵਰੀ	ਫਾਰਮੈਟ
			ਡਿਜ਼ਾਈਨਿੰਗ

ਅਪਰੈਲ - ਮਈ (ਪਿਰਿਓਡਿਕ ਟੈਸਟ - 1) (PERODIC TEST -1):

ਵਰਨਮਾਲਾ ,ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂ (ਮੁਕਤਾ ,ਕੰਨਾ ,ਸਿਹਾਰੀ) ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂ ਦੇ (ਸ਼ਬਦ ਜੋੜ, ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਵਾਕ , ਖਾਲੀ ਸਥਾਨ,ਅਭਿਆਸ ਕਾਰਜ) , ਫਲਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ , ਸਬਜ਼ੀਆਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ, ਰੰਗਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ , ਗਿਣਤੀ (1-20), ਹਫਤੇ ਦੇ ਦਿਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ

ਜੁਲਾਈ - ਅਗਸਤ

ਸਾਹਿਤ –ਮਾਤਰਾਵਾਂ (ਔਂਕੜ , ਦੁਲੈਂਕੜ ,ਲਾਂ, ਦੁਲਾਵਾਂ , ਹੋੜਾ , ਕਨੌੜਾ)

ਵਿਆਕਰਨ - ਲਿੰਗ ਬਦਲੋ ,ਵਚਨ ਬਦਲੋ , ਵਿਰੋਧੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ ,ਅਸ਼ੁੱਧ ਸ਼ੁੱਧ ,ਬਹੁਤੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੀ ਥਾਂ ਇੱਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ,ਵਿਆਕਰਨਿਕ ਕਿਸਮਾਂ (ਨਾਂਵ ,ਪੜਨਾਾਂਵ)ਮਹੀਨਿਆਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ , ਵਰਗ ਪਹੇਲੀ , ਅਣਡਿੱਠਾ ਪੈਰਾ), ਚਿੱਤਰ ਵਰਣਨ

ਅਕਤੂਬਰ – ਨਵੰਬਰ (ਪਿਰਿਓਡਿਕ ਟੈਸਟ)

ਲਗਾਖਰ ਦੇ ਚਿੰਨ੍ਹ (ਬਿੰਦੀ . , ਟਿੱਪੀ ੰ , ਅੱਧਕ) ,ਦੁਤ ਅੱਖਰ,ਪਾਠ -14 ਤੋਂ 17 , ਗਿਣਤੀ 21-50

ਵਿਆਕਰਨ - ਲਿੰਗ ਬਦਲੀ, ਵਚਨ ਬਦਲੀ ,ਵਿਰੋਧੀ ਸ਼ਬਦ , ,ਅਗੇਤਰ - ਪਿਛੇਤਰ ,ਬਹੁਤੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੀ ਥਾਂ ਇੱਕ ਸ਼ਬਦ ,ਵਿਆਕਰਨਿਕ ਕਿਸਮਾਂ (ਨਾਂਵ ,ਪੜਨਾਾਂਵ)

ਦੰਸਬਰ–ਜਨਵਰੀ

ਬਿਨੈ ਪੱਤਰ,ਨਿਬੰਧ, ਵਰਗ ਪਹੇਲੀ, ਅਣਡਿੱਠਾ ਪੈਰਾ, ਚਿੱਤਰ ਵਰਣਨ

ਸਲਾਨਾ ਪਰੀਖਿਆ (Final Examination)

ਕੁਲ ਅੰਕ -70 (Maximum marks -70)

ਟਰਮ 2 ਦਾ ਸਾਰਾ ਸਿਲੇਬਸ ਆਵੇਗਾ।

ਉਦੇਸ਼ (objectives) :

ਕਲਪਨਾ ਸ਼ਕਤੀ ਦਾ ਵਿਕਾਸ

ਲਿਖਣ ਤੇ ਵਾਚਣ-ਕੌਸ਼ਲ ਦਾ ਵਿਕਾਸ

ਨਵੇਂ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ

ਬੌਧਿਕ ਵਿਕਾਸ

ਅਕਟਿਵਿਟੀਜ਼ (ACTIVITIES) :

QUARTLY (ਤਿਮਾਹੀ)

1) ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ :ਸੁਰਖੀਆਂ

ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ ਦਾ ਰੂਪ (MODE OF ACTIVITY) : ਵਿਅਕਤੀਗਤ ਰੂਪ

ਵਿਧੀ (METHODOLOGY) :

ਇਸ ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ ਨੂੰ ਪੂਰਾ ਕਰਨ ਲਈ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਲਾਈਨਾਂ ਵਾਲੀ ਸ਼ੀਟ ਲੈ ਕੇ ਆਉਣਗੇ। ਬੋਰਡ ਉਪਰ ਨੁਕਤੇ ਲਿਖੇ ਜਾਣਗੇ, ਜਿਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਦੀ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਪਣੀ ਕਾਲਪਨਾ ਸ਼ਕਤੀ ਦਾ ਪ੍ਰਯੋਗ ਕਰਨਗੇ ।ਲਿਖਤੀ ਰੂਪ ਲਈ ਸ਼ਬਦ ਸੀਮਾ ਤੇ ਸਮਾਂ ਸੀਮਾ ਨਿਰਧਾਰਿਤ ਹੋਵੇਗੀ।

ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਮਾਨ ਦੰਡ (ASSESSMENT PARAMETER) :

ਕਲਪਨਾਤਮਕ ਸੋਚ -ਵਿਚਾਰ

ਸ਼ਬਦ ਤੇ ਵਾਕ ਰਚਨਾ

ਰੋਚਕਤਾ

ਪ੍ਰਸਤੁਤੀਕਰਨ

ਗਿਆਨ ਦੀ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ

HALF YEARLY

2) ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ : ਕਰਕੇ ਸਿੱਖਣਾ

ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ ਦਾ ਰੂਪ :ਫਲਾਂ ਦੇ ਨਾਂ

ਵਿਧੀ (METHODOLOGY) : ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਵੱਖ ਵੱਖ ਫਲ਼ ਲਿਆਉਣਗੇ ਅਤੇ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਦੀਆਂ ਅੱਖਾਂ ਤੇ ਪੱਟੀ ਬੰਨ੍ਹ ਕੇ ਉਹਨਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਫਲ ਦਿੱਤਾ ਜਾਵੇਗਾ , ਉਹ ਫਲ ਨੂੰ ਛੂਹ ਕੇ ,ਸੁੰਘ ਕੇ , ਚੱਖ ਕੇ ਦੇਖ ਕੇ ਅਨੁਭਵ ਕਰਨਗੇ ਅਤੇ ਫਲ ਦਾ ਨਾਂ ਦਸਣਗੇਮ ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਆਪਣੇ ਪਸੰਦੀਦਾ ਫਲ ਦੀ ਤਸਵੀਰ ਬਣਾਉਣਗੇ ਅਤੇ ਤਸਵੀਰ ਹੇਠਾਂ ਉਸ ਫਲ ਬਾਰੇ ਕੁਝ ਵਾਕ ਲਿਖਣਗੇ ।

(Learning Outcomes):

- •ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਵਿੱਚ ਨਵੀਂ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਵਲੀ ਸਿੱਖਣ (ਫਲ ਦੇ ਨਾਮ, ਵਿਸ਼ੇਸ਼ਣ)
- •ਇੰਦਰਿਆਂ ਰਾਹੀਂ ਅਨੁਭਵ ਪ੍ਰਾਪਤ ਕਰਨਾ (Sensory Learning)
- •ਵਿਸ਼ਲੇਸ਼ਣ ਅਤੇ ਵਿਚਾਰ ਸਾਂਝੇ ਕਰਨਾ (Critical Thinking)
- ●ਲਿਖਣ ਤੇ ਬੋਲਣ ਦੀ ਯੋਗਤਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਸੁਧਾਰ

PRE - ANNUAL (ਪੂਰਵ ਸਲਾਨਾ)

3) ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ :ਨਾਟਕ ਮੰਚਣ

ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ ਦਾ ਰੂਪ : ਗਰੁੱਪ

हियी :

ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀਆਂ ਦਾ ਚਾਰ -ਚਾਰ ਦਾ ਗਰੁੱਪ ਬਣਾਇਆ ਜਾਵੇਗਾ। ਉਨ੍ਹਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਸਟੇਜ ਤੇ ਆ ਕੇ ਕਿਸੇ ਵਿਸ਼ੇ ਤੇ ਨਾਟਕ ਪ੍ਰਸਤੁਤ ਕਰਨਾ ਹੋਵੇਗਾ।ਹਰ ਬੱਚਾ ਆਪਣੇ ਕਿਰਦਾਰ ਨੂੰ ਬਾਖੂਬੀ ਨਿਭਾਏਗਾ।

ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਮਾਨ ਦੰਡ (ASSESSMENT PARAMETER) :

ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਸੋਝੀ

ਸਮਝਣ ਸ਼ਕਤੀ

ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦਾ ਸਹੀ ਉਚਾਰਣ

ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੀ ਸ਼ੁੱਧੀ

ਨਾਟਕੀ ਰੂਪ ਦੇ ਕਿਰਦਾਰ ਨੂੰ ਨਿਭਾਉਣ ਤੋਂ ਜਾਣੂ ਹੋਣਾ

ਸਲਾਨਾ ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ

4) Flip classroom

ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ ਦਾ ਰੂਪ : ਵਿਅਕਤੀਗਤ

ਵियी (METHODOLOGY)

ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪਾਠ ਪੜ੍ਹ ਕੇ ਆਉਣਗੇ ਅਤੇ ਜਮਾਤ ਵਿੱਚ flip classroom ਗਤੀਵਿਧੀ ਦੇ ਤਹਿਤ ਪਾਠ ਦੇ ਬਾਰੇ ਚਰਚਾ ਕੀਤੀ ਜਾਵੇਗੀ।

ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ ਮਾਨ ਦੰਡ (ASSESSMENT PARAMETER) :

ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਪ੍ਰਤੀ ਸੋਝੀ

ਸਮਝਣ ਸ਼ਕਤੀ

ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦਾ ਸਹੀ ਉਚਾਰਣ

ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੀ ਸ਼ੁੱਧੀ

ਵਿਦਿਆਰਥੀ ਪੜ੍ਹ ਕੇ ਪੜ੍ਹਾਉਣਗੇ।

MARKS DISTRIBUTION AND BLUE PRINT FOR FINAL ASSESSMENT TEST

ਅੰਕ ਵੰਡ (ALLOCATION OF MARKS)

ਸਾਹਿਤ :25 ਅੰਕ

ਵਿਆਕਰਨ:20 ਅੰਕ

ਲਿਖਣ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ :20 ਅੰਕ

ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ :05 ਅੰਕ

BLUEPRINT OF FINAL EXAMINATION

ਕ੍ਰਮ	ਪਾਠ ਦਾ ਨਾਮ /ਰੂਪ	ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ਦਾ ਰੂਪ	ਅੰਕ	ਕੁੱਲ ਅੰਕ
ਨੰਬਰ				
1.	ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ	ਵਿਆਕਰਨ (ਬਹੁ ਵਿਕਲਪੀ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ)	1×5	5
2.	ਕਹਾਣੀਆਂ	ਵਿਆਕਰਨ	1×20	20
3.	ਲੇਖ	ਇੱਕ ਨੰਬਰ ਵਾਲੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨ ,ਸ਼ਬਦ -ਅਰਥ	10	10
4.	ਵਿਆਕਰਨ	ਖ਼ਾਲੀ ਥਾਵਾਂ, ਅਭਿਆਸ	10	10
5.	ਲਿਖਣ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ	ਬਿਨੈ/ਨਿੱਜੀ ਪੱਤਰ,ਨਿਬੰਧ ,ਚਿਤਰ ਵਰਣਨ	7 +8 +5	20
6.	ਪੜ੍ਹਨ ਕੌਸ਼ਲ	ਅਣਡਿੱਠਾ ਪੈਰ੍ਹਾ	05	05

ਨਿਰਧਾਰਿਤ ਪੁਸਕਤਾਂ :ਡੀ.ਏ.ਵੀ . ਬੋਰਡ ਵੱਲੋਂ ਨਿਰਧਾਰਿਤ ਪੁਸਕਤਾਂ

ਨਵੀਂ ਨੁਹਾਰ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ ਪਾਠ ਮਾਲਾ (DAV Adition)

ਸੂਚਕ ਪੁਸਕਤਾਂ: ਪੁਸਤਕਾਲਾ ਦੀ ਮਦਦ ਨਾਲ ਵਿਆਕਰਨ ਤੇ ਸਾਹਿਤਕ ਪੁਸਕਤਾਂ

ROADMAP FOR CLASS V(2025-26)

1.Subject: Environmental Studies (General Science)

2. Objectives:

The teaching of Science, at this stage, will help the learners to:-

- Recognize, identify and strengthen the unique capabilities of each student in science.
- Understand the international nature and the interdependence of science, technology and society, including the benefits, limitations and implications imposed by social, economic, political, environmental, cultural and ethical factors.
- Think analytically, critically and creatively to solve problems, judge arguments and make decisions in scientific and other contexts.
- Appreciate the contribution of science towards development and progress in all fields of life.
- Acquire the knowledge of scientific terms, facts, definitions, processes, concepts, principles and laws.
- To develop skills of scientific inquiry to design and carryout scientific investigations and evaluate scientific evidence to draw conclusions.
- Develop measurement and observational skills and to encourage the use of locally available resources, Inculcate science and technology related values; Recognize the relationship of science, technology and society.
- To demonstrate attitude and develop values of honesty and respect for themselves, others, and their shared environment.
- Engage with the processes of Science like observing, recording observations, drawing, tabulation, plotting graphs, etc.

3. Month wise division of syllabus:

Lesson No./Topic	Name of the lesson	Month	Learning outcomes
2	Plants	April	Topic: Plants
			Learning outcomes:
			Students will be able to:
			Identify and describe the different
			stems, leaves, flowers, and fruits.
			Explain the functions of each part of a plant, such as how roots absorb water, stems provide

Forests (Flipped classroom)
Pre-Class Activity (At Home)

Before coming to class, students will: 1. Watch a Video:

Teacher will share a YouTube link or an animated video about forests, their importance, and types (tropical, deciduous, evergreen, etc.).

2. Observation Task:

Teachers will ask students to observe trees and plants around their home or neighborhood.

They should note different types of trees, birds, and insects they see.

If possible, they can take pictures or draw what they observe.

3. Think & Reflect:

Teacher will ask them to think about: Why do we need forests?

How do forests help animals and humans? What will happen if forests disappear? They can write short answers in their notebooks.

In-Class Activity (Interactive Learning) 1. Discussion & Concept Check

Start by asking students about their observations at home.

Discuss the importance of forests and why they are called the "lungs of the Earth."

2. Group Activity: "Build a Forest Model" Divide students into small groups. support, and leaves help in photosynthesis.

Differentiate between taproots and fibrous roots, as well as soft (herbaceous) and woody stems.

Understand how plants make their own food using sunlight, carbon dioxide, and water.

Explain how plants reproduce through seeds, spores, and vegetative propagation

Topic: Forests

Learning outcomes:

Students will be able to:

Recognize various plants and animals found in forests and understand their role in the ecosystem.

Explain how plants, animals, and microorganisms depend on each other for survival (food chain, oxygen-carbon dioxide cycle).

Understand the role of forests in providing oxygen, maintaining the water cycle, preventing soil erosion, and supporting biodiversity.

Identify the various products obtained from forests, such as timber, medicines, resins, fruits, and paper.

Explain the causes and consequences of deforestation, such as loss of habitat, climate change, and soil erosion.

	Provide them with chart paper, colored		
	pencils, leaves, twigs, and pictures of		
	animals.		
	Each group will create a mini forest model		
	on paper, showing:		
	Trees and plants		
	Animals and insects living there		
	People using forest resources (wood, fruits,		
	etc.)		
	Groups will present their models and explain		
	their forest ecosystem.		
	3. Role-Playing Game: "Save the Forest"		
	Assign roles: Forest Officer, Farmer,		
	Woodcutter, Villager, Environmentalist, and		
	Animal.		
	Students will act out a scenario where a		
	forest is being cut down, and they must		
	debate:		
	Why do some people want to cut trees?		
	How can we use forests without harming		
	them?		
	Encourage them to come up with solutions		
	like afforestation, sustainable use, etc.		
	4. Class Reflection		
	Students share what they learned and		
	discuss how they can help protect forests.		
	Teacher connects the discussion to real-life		
	issues like deforestation and conservation		
	efforts.		
	Learning Outcomes:		
	• Encourages self-learning before class		
	through videos and observations.		
	• Develops creativity and teamwork through		
	model-making.		
	•Improves critical thinking through debates		
	on forest conservation.		
5	Food and Health (Quiz)	May	Topic: Food and Health
			Learning outcomes:
			Students will be able to:
			Explain why food is essential for
			growth, energy, and overall health.
			Identify different nutrients
			(carbohydrates, proteins, fats,

			vitamins, and minerals) and their functions in the body. Understand what a balanced diet is and why it is important for maintaining good health. List different food sources rich in carbohydrates, proteins, fats, vitamins, and minerals. Identify common deficiency diseases (like scurvy, rickets, night blindness) and their causes.
1	My body	July	Topic: My Body Learning outcomes: Students will be able to: Identify different organ systems in the human body and their functions. Describe the role of bones in providing shape, support, and protection to the body. Explain how muscles help in movement and work with bones. Understand the process of digestion and the role of different organs like the mouth, stomach, intestines, and liver. Explain how the lungs help in breathing and the exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide.
4	Animals-our friends	August	Topic: Animals - Our friends Learning outcomes: Students will be able to: Recognize how animals help humans by providing food (milk, eggs, meat, honey), clothing (wool,

			silk, leather), and labor (transportation, farming).
			Differentiate between pet animals, domestic animals, and wild animals.
			Learn about ways to take care of pets and domestic animals, including providing proper food, shelter, and medical care.
			Understand the reasons why some animals are endangered or extinct and the need for conservation.
	Spoilage and wastage of food and food		Topic:
	preservation		Spoilage and wastage of food and food preservation
			Learning outcomes:
			Students will be able to:
			Identify the signs of food spoilage, such as bad odor, change in color, texture, and taste.
			Explain the causes of food spoilage, including bacteria, fungi, moisture, and temperature.
			Understand how food is wasted at homes, restaurants, and markets.
			Recognize the importance of reducing food wastage for environmental and economic reasons.
			Explain how food preservation helps in reducing wastage and making food available for a longer time.
			Understand how preserved food retains its nutrients and prevents diseases caused by spoiled food.
	Importance of water	Septemb	Topic: Importance of water
		er	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

			Learning ouccomes:
			Students will be able to:
			Understand why water is essential
			for life (drinking, cooking, cleaning,
			agriculture, industries, etc.).
			G , , ,
			Explain the role of water in the
			survival of plants, animals, and
			humans.
			Describe the processes of
			evaporation condensation and
			precipitation
			Explain how the water cycle helps
			in maintaining the natural
			availability of water.
8	Properties of water (Experiential learning)	October	Topic : Properties of water
	Activity: "Exploring Water – A Hands-On		Learning outcomes:
	Investigation"		
	Objective:		Students will be able to:
	Students will explore the properties of		
	water, including solubility,		Explain that water is a colorless,
	transparency and floating/sinking		odorless, and tasteless liquid.
	through simple experiments.		Understand that water exists in
	Materials Needed:		three states: solid (ice), liquid
	Iransparent glass of water		(water), and gas (water vapor).
	Coins, paper clips, leaves (for		
	floating/sinking test)		Identify substances that dissolve in
	Food coloring (for transparency test)		water (salt, sugar) and those that
	Steps to Conduct the Activity:		do not (sand, oil).
	- ·		Understand the concept of soluble
	1. Solubility Test (Is water a universal		and insoluble substances.
	solvent?)		Evolution the importance of water as
	Take three glasses of water. Add salt, sugar,		a universal solvent in daily life
	and sand separately.		a universal solvent in udily life.
	Stir and observe which substances dissolve		Observe and explain why some
	and which do not.		objects float in water while others
	ASK: why do some substances dissolve while		sink (buoyancy).
	2 Transnaronov Test:		
	z. mansparency rest: Take a clear glass of water and add a few		
	drops of food coloring		
	urops or roou colornig.		

Place an object (e.g., a coin) behind the glass	Understand the relationship
and check if it is visible.	between density and
Ask: Why is water transparent? Why do we	floating/sinking.
see objects through it?	
3. Floating & Sinking Test	
Drop a coin, paper clip, leaf, and wooden	
stick into a glass of water.	
Observe which objects float and which sink.	
Ask: Why do some objects float while others	
sink? (Introduce density)	
Sink: (Introduce density)	
Students share their observations and	
discuss how these properties help in	
daily life (e.g., solubility in cooking,	
transparency in drinking water,	
adhesion in wet clothes).	
Relate to real-world applications: Why do	
some things dissolve in water? Why	
do boats float?	
Loarning Outcomos:	
Learning Outcomes.	
\checkmark Develops scientific observation and	
inquiry skills.	
✓ Helps students understand key properties	
of water in a fun, hands-on way.	
\checkmark Encourages critical thinking and	
discussion	
E als	
Fuels	
	lopic: Fuels
	Learning outcomes:
	Learning outcomes.
	Students will be able to:
	Define fuels and explain their
	importance as sources of energy.
	2,
	Identify different types of fuels
	used in daily life.
	Differentiate between solid (wood,
	coal), liquid (petrol, diesel), and
	gaseous fuels (LPG, CNG).

			Understand the sources of fuels (natural and man-made).
			Explain how fuels are used for cooking, transportation, industries, and electricity generation.
			Understand the importance of fuels in our daily lives.
10	Air	Novemb	Topic: Air
		er	Learning outcomes:
			Students will be able to:
			Explain that air is a mixture of gases, including nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, and water vapor
			Describe the role of oxygen in respiration for humans, animals, and plants.
			Explain the importance of carbon dioxide for photosynthesis in plants.
			Understand the role of air in burning (combustion).
			Topic: Our Solar system
11	Our solar system		Learning outcomes:
			Students will be able to:
			Define the solar system and identify its main components: the Sun, planets, moons, asteroids, comets, and meteors.
			Explain the importance of the Sun as the primary source of heat and light for Earth.
			Understand that the Sun is a star and provides energy for life on Earth
			Name and describe the eight planets (Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and

								Ne fro	ptune) in order m the Sun.	of their distance
								Dif	ferentiate betw	veen inner (rocky)
								an	d outer (gaseou	s) planets.
								Со	mpare the size,	atmosphere, and
								uni	ique features o inets	f different
								pic		
								_		
12			Observ	ing the sky			Decembe	То	pic: Observing t	he sky
								Lea	arning outcome	S:
								Stu	idents will be a	ble to:
								De	scribe how the	sky appears d night
								suc	ch as the Sun, N	Jects in the sky, loon, stars, and
								pla	inets.	
								Exp	plain that the S	un is a star and
								the hea	e primary sourc at for Earth.	e of light and
								Un	derstand that t	he Moon is
								Eai sur	rth's natural sat nlight.	ellite and reflects
								Ide	entify and descr	ibe the different
								ph Cre	ases of the Modescent, Half Mo	on (New Moon <i>,</i> on, Full Moon).
									arn that stars a	e faraway
								cel	estial objects th	nat produce their
								ow	ın light.	
								Ide	entify some con	imon
								COI Cas	ssiopeia).	ion, Ursa Major,
	Sr.	Assess	ment	Month	of	Syllabus	Mode	of	Weightage	
	No.	Cycle		Assessment			Assessment	t		
	1	РТ1		ivlay I		Chapter-2 and 3	Pen pap Test	ber	35	
		•		•						

2	PT2	July/August	Chapter-5	Activity Based Assessment	20
3	Half YEARLY	September	Chapter- 1,2,3,4,5 and 6	Pen paper Test	70
4	PT3	October/November	Chapter-9	Activity Based Assessment	20
5	PT4	December	Chapter- 9 and 10	Pen paper Test	35
6	Final	February/March	Chapter- 7,8,9,10,11 and 12	Pen paper Test	70

5. For Activity based Assessment:

Periodic test II- (Group Activity) Role play

* Peer assessment will also be conducted at the end where peer groups will raise their queries on the topic taken.

Material Required: To be intimated later

Rubrics: Role Play							
Parameters	5	4	3	2	1		
Application of	Students always	Students	Students often	Students rarely	Students		
concept	exhibited	usually	exhibited	exhibited complete	never		
-	complete	exhibited	complete	knowledge of the	exhibited		
	knowledge of	complete	knowledge of	concept in the play	complete		
	the concept in	knowledge of	the concept in	which is applicable	knowledge of		
	the play which is	the concept in	the play which	to day to day life .	the concept		
	applicable to day	the play which	is applicable to		in the play		
	to day life	is applicable to	day to day life		which is not		
	problems as	day to day life	to a little		applicable to		
	well.	problems up to	extent.		day to day		
		an extent.			life.		
Collaboration	Always listen,	Usually listen,	Often listen,	Rarely listen,	Never listen,		
	shares and	shares and	shares and	shares and	shares and		
	supports others	supports	supports	supports others in	supports		
	in the group.	others in the	others in the	the group.	others in the		
		group.	group.		group.		
Creativity	The props made	Most of the	Some of the	Few of the props	The props		
	by the group	props made by	props made by	made by the group	were not		
	were very	the group were	the group were	were creative and	made		
	creative and a	creative and a	creative and at	script was going	properly and		
		more or less	few places	weak.	the script		

	well balanced script was made.	balanced script was made.	script was going weak.		was not proper.
Critical thinking	Students clearly	Students	Students	Students identified	Students
And Problem	identified the	clearly	identified the	the problem and	didn't
Solving	problem and	identified the	problem and	tried to present a	identified the
	presented the	problem and	presented a	solution to it.	problem and
	most	presented an	fairly		did not
	appropriate	appropriate	appropriate		present a
	solution to it.	solution to it.	solution to it.		solution to it.
Evaluation and	Student	Student	Student	Student provided	Student
Inference	provided a	provided an	provided an	an inference that	provided an
	clearly stated	inference that	inference that	demonstrates the	inference
	inference that is	is reasonable	is ok for the	misunderstanding	that is not
	reasonable for	for the	questions	for the questions	relevant for
	the questions	questions	asked.	asked.	the
	asked.	asked.			questions
					asked.

Periodic Test –III (Individual Activity): Poster- making followed by Quiz.

Material Required : To be intimated later

RUBRICS – POSTER MAKING

Parameters					
Category	Excellent(5)	Very good (4)	Good (3)	Fair (2)	Needs improvement 1)
Diagram components (Critical Thinking)	All required items are represented on diagram.	Most required items are represented on diagram	Some required items are represented on diagram	Few required items a represented on diagram	Only 1 or 2 required items are represented on diagram
Text and labels	All labels are present	Most labels are present	Some labels	Few labels	Only 1 or 2 labels
Creativity and appearance	Highly creative and beautiful diagram	Creative diagram	Diagram appearance meets lesson requirements	Diagram appearance shows less effort required	Diagrams appearance shows least effort required
Application of concept	Students always exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the diagram which is applicable to day to day life problems as well.	Students usually exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the diagram which is applicable to day to day life problems up to an extent.	Students often exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the diagram which is applicable to day to day life problems to a little extent.	Students rarely exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the diagram which is applicable to day to day life problems.	Students never exhibited complete knowledge of the concept in the diagram which is not applicable to day to day life problems.

RUBRICS – QUIZ

Criteria	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Needs
	(5)	(4)	(3)	(2)	Improvement
					(1)
	Understands	Understands	Understands	Understands	Responds to
	or responds to	or responds to	and responds	and responds	fewer than half
	all the	most	Correctly to	to few	the Questions
Understanding	Questions	Questions	Questions	Questions	or
			Attempted		Misunderstood
	Shows	Shows	Shows some	Shows little	Shows no
	Concept	Concept and	Knowledge of	Knowledge of	Knowledge or
	Clarity and	Knowledge of	the Content	the Content	Incorrect
Knowledge	Substantial				
	Knowledge				

	other than the	Content given			Knowledge of
	Book	in the Book			the Content
	Goes beyond	Interprets	Generally,	Some	Uses Language
T, ,,	literal meaning	documents in	uses own	Responses rely	that is Vague
Interpretation	to conceptual	own words	words	on Cited texts	

Note: Paper pen tests will consist of VSA, SA, LA, Case Based, LOTs, HOTs questions of 1,2 3 ,4& 5 marks weightage

6. Project : Trans-Disciplinary (One for each Term)

7. Internal Assessment Break-up:

Sr. No.	Type of Assessment	Weightage
1	Activity Based Assessment	20
2	Portfolio	5
3	Project and Viva	5

8. CRAB Worksheets per chapter will be assigned.

9. Prescribed books:

My Living World –By DAV Class V

Additional book: NCERT text book by CBSE Class V

ROADMAP TEMPLATE (2025-26)

Class-V

Subject – Sanskrit

- 1. विषय -संस्कृत
- 2. उद्देश्या:-
 - भाषाकौशलानां विकासः भविष्यति।
 - शब्दज्ञाने वृद्धिः भविष्यति।
 - संस्कृतभाषयां कथितान् निर्देशान् श्रुत्वा पठित्वा च तद्नुकूलं व्यवहारं कर्तुं समर्थाः भवेयुः।
 - संस्कृतभाषया लघुवाक्यानि वदेयुः।
 - पाठ्य -पुस्तके दत्तान श्लोकान् पठित्वा भावं ग्रहितुम् समर्थाः भवेयुः।
 - श्लोकानां सस्वरवाचने समर्थाः भवेयुः।
 - संस्कृतभाषया सरलपत्राणि लघून् अनुच्छेदान् च लेखितुम् समर्थाः भवेयुः।
 - संस्कृतभाषया प्रयुक्तान् शब्दान् अभिज्ञातुं समर्थाः भवेयुः ।
 - नैतिक-सामाजिकमूल्यांनां विकासः भविष्यति।
 - संस्कृतभाषया ज्ञानं प्राप्स्यन्ति।
- 3. मासिक-पाठ्यक्रम:

1. अध्याय संख्या	अध्यायस्य नाम	व्याकरणकार्यम्	मास
	संस्कृत भाषा की लिपि	वर्ण विचार-	
	तथा वर्णो का परिचय	वर्णविच्छेदः एवं वर्णसंयोगः	
पाठ १ व	मधुरा प्रभातवेला	कर्ता ज्ञान (सभी पुरुषों तथा सभी वचनों में)	अप्रैल
पाठ २	मम परिवारः गतिविधिः- स्वपरिचयम्	कारक तथा विभक्ति ज्ञान	मई
पाठ ३	वयम् पश्यामः जंतुशालाम्	कारान्त-शब्दरूपाणि	जुलाई

पाठ ४	शाकहट्टम् गतिविधिः- परियोजना कार्यम्	तुरूपाणि लटलकारे	जुलाई
पाठ ५	अस्माकं प्रियमित्राणि	संस्कृत वाक्य रचना	अगस्त
पाठ ६	ये फलानि खादन्ति ते सुखिनः वसन्ति	चित्रवर्णनम्, अनुवादः	अगस्त
रचनात्मक-कार्यम्		ग्वर्णनम्, अनुवादः	
पाठ ७	चित्रप्रदर्शनी गतिविधिः-संस्कृतप्रश्नोत्तरी	संख्या (1-10)	सितंबर
पाठ ८	अभिनवः किम् किम् करोति	अनुच्छेद लेखन	सितंबर
पाठ ९	विडालः कुत्र अस्ति?	अव्यय शब्द	अक्तूबर
पाठ १०	आगच्छ। गायामः	घटिका	अक्तूबर
पाठ ११	हरिणम् मा मारय गतिविधिः-चित्रवर्णनम्	आकारान्त-शब्दरूपाणि	नवंबर
पाठ १२	कथयन्तु कस्य कः वर्णः ?	संस्कृत अनुवाद:	नवंबर
पाठ १३	कः चतुरः अस्ति?	धातुरूपाणि लृट्लकारे	दिसम्बर
पाठ १४	कति वस्तूनि सन्ति?	संख्या (1-20)	दिसम्बर
रचनात्मक-कार्यम्		चित्रवर्णनम्, अनुवादः	

4. मूल्यांकनम् एवं अंकभार:

क्रम संख्या	आवधिक-	मूल्याङ्क्नम् मास	मूल्याङ्क्नम् विधि	अंक भार:
	मूल्यांकनम्			
1	सामयिक परीक्षा	मई	लिखित परीक्षा	35
	1			
2	सामयिक परीक्षा-	जुलाई /अगस्त	गतिविधि आधारित	20
	2		परीक्षा	
3	अर्धवार्षिक परीक्षा	सितम्बर	लिखित परीक्षा	70

4	सामयिक परीक्षा-	अक्तूबर- नवम्बर	गतिविधि आधारित	20
	3		परीक्षा	
5	सामयिक परीक्षा -	दिसंबर	लिखित परीक्षा	35
	4			
6	वार्षिक परीक्षा	फ़रवरी /मार्च	लिखित परीक्षा	70

5. गतिविधिराधारितं मूल्यांकनम् गतिविधेः प्रकारम्- श्रवणभाषण-कौशलम् गतिविधिः - श्रवणभाषणम् आवश्यकसामग्री- (शून्यम्)

भाषा-संवर्धनायगतिविधयः मूल्यांकनम्

लेखन कार्यं (चित्र वर्णन , पत्रं इत्याद्य, गृह कार्यं)कृते मापदण्ड:						
मापदण्डस्य	अत्युत्तम	उत्तम	मध्यम	साधारण	ध्याय्तव्यम्	
बिन्दवः	5	4	3	2	1	
विषय वस्तु/ प्रस्तुतीकरण/	संपूर्ण कार्यं शोभनरूपेण प्रस्तुतं ।	कार्यं शोभनरूपेण प्रस्तुतं ।	कार्यं उचित रूपेण कृतं।	कार्यं संपूर्ण नास्ति कार्यतालिका	कार्यस्य औपचारिकता मात्रं कृताI	

सुलेख/ संकलनं/	कार्यतालिका	कार्यतालिका	कार्यतालिका	अपि स्पष्टा न	कार्यतालिका
् स्पष्टता	अपि स्पष्टा	अपि स्पष्टा	अपि स्पष्टा	अस्ति ।	अपि न लिखिता
	अस्ति।	अस्ति	अस्ति	<u>~</u>	I
	कापि अशुध्य: न सन्ति ।	यत्र तत्र काचित अशुधि अस्ति ।	परन्तु कार्ये कानिचित अति सरला वर्तनी- अशुध्यः सन्ति ।	परन्तु काय कानिचित बहवः वर्तनी- अशुध्यः सन्ति ।	
स्पष्टता	कार्यं सम्यक्	कार्यं सम्यक्	केचन्	कार्यं बहुधा	पठने स्पष्टता न
	कृतं । सुलेखं	कृतं । यत्र तत्र	अक्षराणां	स्वयं न	अस्ति
	वर्तते l अक्षर- पठने स्पष्टता	अक्षराणां पठने स्पष्टता न अस्ति।	पठने काठिन्यं भवति	कृतम् ।	
	मवाता				
मौलिकता /	संपूर्णं कार्यं	एक प्रशनं सटप्राठेन	द्वि/त्रि प्रश्ना:		संपूर्णं कार्यं स्वयं
विचाराणां	त्त्वय कृतम् ।	<u>ु</u> त्रु ।।। २० उत्तरपस्तिका	स्वयं न कृतम्		न कृतम् ।
अभियक्ति	कार्यं विना अवबोधं	या दृष्टम् ।	1		
	कृतम् ।				

वाचन /पाठन (संवाद, संभाषन, अभिनय इत्याद्य) कार्यं कृते मापदण्ड:						
विषय वस्तु	विषय वस्तु	विषय वस्तु	विषय वस्तु	विषय वस्तु	न विषय वस्तु	
ज्ञानं	ज्ञानं पूर्णं	ज्ञानं पूर्णं	ज्ञानं पूर्णं न	ज्ञानं पूर्णं न	ज्ञानंl न	
	अस्ति।	अस्ति ।	अस्ति।	अस्ति।	शब्दज्ञानम्	
	शब्दज्ञानम्	शब्दज्ञानम्				

	सम्यक् नअस्ति I	सम्यक् न अस्ति I	शब्दज्ञानम् सम्यक् न अस्ति I	शब्दज्ञानम् त्रुटिपूर्णं अस्ति I	
उच्चारणं	उच्चारणं सदैव शुध्धं , कर्णाभ्यां सुखदं , भाषाप्रवाहम् उचितं अस्ति	उच्चारणं यदाकदा अशुध्धं , कर्णाभ्यां सुखदं, भाषाप्रवाहम्	उच्चारणं यदाकदा अशुध्धं , कर्णाभ्यां सुखदं भाषाया:	उच्चारणं यदाकदा अशुध्धं , कर्णाभ्यां सुखदं ,भाषाप्रवाहे	उच्चारणं सर्वथा अशुध्धं , कर्णाभ्यां कटु,भाषाप्रवाहे परिमार्जनस्य आवश्यकता
		उचितं अस्ति	प्रवाहम् उचितं अस्ति	परिमार्जनस्य आवश्यकता	
मौलिकता / विचाराणां सम्यक अभियक्ति	विचारा मौलिका:l विना अवरोधं वदिता: l	विचारा बहुधा मौलिका:I विना अवरोधं वदिता: I	विचारा मौलिका: न I विना अवरोधं वदिता: I	विचारा मौलिका: न I अवरोधयुक्तं वक्तव्यम् I	विचारा मौलिका: न I अवरोधयुक्तं सर्वथा वक्तव्यम् I

विशेष :- लिखितपरीक्षायां 1, 2, 3, 4 अङ्कभारस्य प्रश्नाः भविष्यन्ति

6. परियोजना कार्यम्- (प्रत्येकसत्रे एकम् परियोजनाकार्यम्)

7. आन्तरिक मूल्याङ्कनाय अङ्क भार योजना:

	मूल्यांकनम् विधि	अंक भार:
1	गतिविधिराधारितं मूल्यांकनम्	20
2	निवेशसूचिका	5
3	परियोजना कार्यम्	5

सामयिकपरीक्षा- कृते पाठ्यक्रम विभाजनम्

• सामयिक परीक्षा-1 (मई)

सुरभि:	पाठाः १-२
व्याकरण	कर्ता ज्ञान (सभी पुरुषों
	तथा सभी वचनों में),
	कारक तथा विभक्ति ज्ञान

- सामयिक परीक्षा-२ (जुलाई/अगस्त)
- गतिविधयः मूल्यांकनम् गतिविधिः- श्रवणभाषणम्
- अर्धवार्षिक परीक्षा (सितम्बर)

सुरभि:	पाठाः १, २, ३, ४, ५, ६
व्याकरणकार्यम्	संस्कृत कर्ता ज्ञान (सभी पुरुषों तथा सभी वचनों में),
	कारक तथा विभक्ति ज्ञान, अकारान्त-शब्दरूपाणि,
	धातुरूपाणि लटलकारे, संस्कृत वाक्य रचना,
रचनात्मक-कार्यम्	चित्रवर्णनम्, अनुवादः

- सामयिक परीक्षा-3 (अक्तूबर/नवम्बर) गतिविधयः मूल्यांकनम् गतिविधिः- वाचनश्रवणम् • सामयिक परीक्षा-4 (दिसम्बर)

सुरभि:	पाठाः ७, ८, ९, १०	
व्याकरणकार्यम्	संख्या (1-10), अव्यय शब्द, घटिका	
रचनात्मक-कार्यम्	चित्रवर्णनम्, अनुवादः	

- 8. प्रत्येकपाठेन सह कार्य-पत्रक: (CRAB)
- 9. निर्धारित-पुस्तकम् सुरभिः 5

ROADMAP SOCIAL SCIENCE : CLASS V

1.Subject: Social Science

2.Objectives:

The primary purpose of social studies is to help young people make informed and responsible citizens of a culturally diverse, democratic society in an interdependent world. Social Science syllabus for Class V aims to provide a general idea to the students about attitude towards life and to

- understand the facts, concepts, principles, and perspectives that shape social studies
- apply learning to complex situations and contexts
- think critically about important issues and communicate their findings
- engage in the processes of problem solving and discipline-based inquiry
- understand their role and responsibility particularly in relation to social and civic affairs.
- prepare them to participate in their community /society competently and productively as concerned citizens.
- create awareness about diversity and interdependence of the world with multiple cultures and ideologies.
- enable them to address societal and global concerns using literature, technology and other identifiable community resources.
- generate sensitivity towards human values of compassion, trust, peace, cooperation, social justice, environmental protection and other concerns.
- enable them to integrate ideas from different disciplines to come up with reasoned decisions and to make the connection between related concepts and ideas so that they are better able to identify problems affecting society.

3.Month wise division of syllabus:

Lesson No	Name of the Lesson	Month	Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to:
1	Importance of Family Experiential learning based activities- Activity-1 "My Family, My Strength" – Poster Making *Students will create a poster illustrating how their family supports them emotionally, socially, and in daily life. Activity-2 "Dear Family" Letter Writing	April	 understand family structures: (nuclear, extended, single-parent, blended, etc.) appreciate diversity: the fact that families can vary in terms of cultures, traditions, and values understand the concept of interdependence within families, where each member plays a role in supporting and caring for one another. recognize the importance of emotional support and connection within families develop empathy and respect for different family situations understand the importance of family values

	* Students will write a heartfelt letter to a family member, expressing appreciation for their love and support. *They deliver the letter and share the recipient's reaction in the class. Activity-3 "Family Timelines" – Understanding Generational Bonds * Students will create a timeline of their family, marking important events (e.g., births, marriages, vacations, achievements).etc Activity-4 Role-Playing Family Responsibilities *Students will perform different family members roles (parent, sibling, grandparent) and present them with real- life situations (e.g., a child is sick, a festival is being planned).		 recognize that families can experience changes and challenges, such as births, deaths, divorces, and relocations, and understand how families adapt and support each other during such times. understand how strong and supportive families contribute to building stronger communities, fostering social cohesion and collective well-being.
2	Human Migration	April	 identify different types of migration such as internal migration (within a country) and international migration (between countries). recognize various push and pull factors that influence migration, such as economic opportunities, political instability, environmental factors, and social reasons. discuss the impacts of migration on both the sending and receiving communities, including changes in population demographics, cultural exchange, economic development, and challenges faced by migrants. identify patterns and trends in human migration, such as urbanization, migration corridors, and the global distribution of migrants. recognize the importance of cultural diversity and how migration contributes to the richness of cultural identity in different regions. develop empathy towards migrants and refugees and understand the importance of global cooperation in addressing migration challenges.

3	Variation in Shelters	May	 identify various types of shelters, including natural shelters understand the primary purposes of shelters, meeting basic human needs for shelter. recognize that different cultures and geographical regions have unique shelter designs and materials based on their environment, resources, and cultural practices. identify common materials used in shelter construction, understand their properties and suitability for different environments. compare and contrast different shelter designs in terms of their structure, durability, insulation, and adaptability to different climates and conditions. apply their understanding of shelter concepts to design and construct simple models or prototypes of shelters using various materials. recognize the importance of sustainable shelter practices, including energy efficiency, use of renewable materials, and minimizing environmental impact
4	Sensitivity Towards Others	July	 demonstrate an understanding of diversity among individuals, including differences in culture, ethnicity, religion, abilities, and socioeconomic status. develop empathy towards respect for differences and learn to appreciate the value of diversity within their classroom, school, and community. learn constructive ways to resolve conflicts and disagreements, including active listening, communication skills, and finding compromises that respect the needs and feelings of all parties involved. become aware of social injustices and inequalities that exist in their communities and around the world, and develop a sense of responsibility to address these issues. engage in reflective thinking and self-assessment to evaluate their own attitudes, behaviors, and actions towards others, and identify areas for growth and improvement.
5	Community Services	October	 define community services and understand their importance in supporting and improving the well-being of communities. identify various types of community services learn about different roles and responsibilities of community workers develop an awareness of the diverse needs within their community, including issues related to health, education, poverty, homelessness, environmental sustainability, and social justice.

			 develop empathy and compassion towards those in need within their community learn to work collaboratively with their peers have opportunities to develop leadership skills through organizing and leading community service initiatives, taking on responsibilities, and inspiring others to get involved
6	Leisure Time	November	 learn about how different cultures and societies value and prioritize leisure time understand the physical, mental, and emotional benefits of participating in leisure activities learn about the importance of balancing leisure time with other responsibilities, develop time management skills learn about the importance of maintaining a healthy lifestyle, including engaging in regular physical activity learn to critically evaluate the impact of media and technology on their leisure time
7	Changing Trends in Occupation	November	 identify occupations that have been traditionally prevalent in society recognize that occupations have changed over time due to technological advancements, globalization, economic shifts, and social changes. understand how automation and technological advancements have affected the nature of work and led to changes in job availability, skill requirements, and job stability in various occupations. understand that occupations are constantly evolving develop skills such as critical thinking, problemsolving, communication, teamwork, and adaptability
8	Respecting Regional Differences	December	 learn to recognize and appreciate the diversity of cultures within their country and around the world explore the geographical features of different regions, understand how these geographical factors influence the development of regional differences. respect regional variations in language and dialects learn about the cultural traditions, celebrations, festivals, and rituals unique to different regions explore the diversity of regional cuisines and culinary traditions learn about environmental differences between regions, understand the importance of environmental conservation and sustainable development in preserving regional diversity. develop tolerance and acceptance towards people from different regions, cultures, and backgrounds have opportunities to engage in cross-cultural exchanges with peers from different regions, promoting mutual understanding, friendship, and collaboration.

HISTORY (UNIT II- OUR PASTS –II)

Name of the Lesson		
	Month	
		Learning Outcomes
Exploring India		Students will be able to:
	October	 locate India on a map, identify its neighboring countries, major geographical features understand how geography has influenced the development of the country appreciate India's rich cultural diversity, including its languages, religions, traditions, and festivals, and understand the importance of cultural tolerance and acceptance recognize India's significant cultural contributions to the world understand the importance of environmental conservation in India
Transport in Modern Times Relating with them Ions and Icons Activity-1 *Teacher will show students a PPT of – Scientific Advancements in Transportation * Like invention of steam engineelt to electric engine, electric bulb to LED Bulb *Introduction of maglev (magnetic levitation) trains that use electromagnets to move without friction, making them ultra-fast. Icons – Influential Figures in Transportation		 identify and describe various modes of transportation used in modern times understand the impact of transportation on society learn about technological advancements in transportation and understand how these advancements have improved efficiency and safety in transportation explore the environmental impact of transportation, including pollution, deforestation, and habitat destruction discuss ways to mitigate these impacts through sustainable transportation practices understand how transportation has facilitated global connectivity, trade, and cultural exchange explore historical and contemporary examples of how transportation networks have connected people and societies around the world
	Name of the Lesson Exploring India Exploring India Image: Transport in Modern Times Relating with them Ions and Icons Activity-1 *Teacher will show students a PPT of – Scientific Advancements in Transportation * Like invention of steam engineelt to electric engine, electric bulb to LED Bulb *Introduction of maglev (magnetic levitation) trains that use electromagnets to move without friction, making them ultra-fast. Icons – Influential Figures in Transportation Activity-2	Name of the LessonMonthExploring IndiaOctoberExploring IndiaOctoberImage: Selection of the selec

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	*Students will collect and paste information about * Karl Benz (Inventor of the First Car): His innovation led to modern automobiles. Henry Ford (Mass Production of Care):		 develop critical thinking skills by analyzing transportation- related issues and proposing solutions.
	Made cars accessible through assembly-line production.		
	Elon Musk (Tesla & Hyperloop): Innovated electric transport and high-speed transit ideas.		
	Wright Brothers (Pioneers of Aviation): Their invention of the airplane revolutionized global travel.		
	Ratan Tata (Affordable Transportation): Developed the Tata Nano, aiming for accessible transport. Activity-3		
	*Students will design their own futuristic transport using ion technology and explain its benefits. Activity -4 *Students will create		
	apo Poster on "Future of Transport. Showing evolution in transportation in future.		
11	Mapping India	November	• identify and locate major geographical features of India, including rivers, mountains, plains, and coastlines, on a map
			• learn about the different regions of India, understand the characteristics and significance of each region
			• identify the capitals of Indian states and union territories on a map and understand their geographical boundaries

			 explore the cultural diversity of India by identifying and locating major cultural regions, understand how geography influences culture and vice versa learn about important historical sites, landmarks, and monuments in India, locate these sites on a map and understand their significance understand the political divisions of India, identify and locate these divisions on a political map.
12	Communication in Modern Times	January	 identify and describe various modes of communication used in modern times understand the impact of communication technology on society, including how it has changed the way people communicate, share information, and interact with each other explore how communication technology has facilitated cultural and linguistic exchange, allowing people from different backgrounds to connect and communicate across geographical boundaries gain an appreciation for cultural diversity and the importance of language in communication learn about responsible and ethical behavior when using digital communication platforms, including issues such as online safety, privacy, cyberbullying, and digital footprints explore how communication skills are essential for success in the workplace, including effective verbal and written communication, active listening, and collaboration understand how technology has influenced communication practices in various professions understand how modern communication technology has facilitated global connectivity and collaboration, allowing people from different parts of the work together, share ideas, and solve problems
13	India's Neighbours	February	• identify and locate the neighboring countries of India on a map

	• explore the cultural diversity of India's neighbors, including languages, religions, traditions, and customs, gain an appreciation for the rich cultural heritage shared among neighboring countries
	• learn about the historical connections between India and its neighbors, including trade routes, cultural exchanges, and historical events such as the partition of British India and the formation of independent nations
	• understand the political relations between India and its neighbors, including diplomatic ties, conflicts, and cooperation agreements
	• learn about the importance of maintaining peaceful relations and resolving conflicts through dialogue and diplomac
	• explore the economic interactions between India and its neighbors, including trade, investment, and economic cooperation initiatives such as the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC)
	• understand the geopolitical significance of India's neighbors in regional and global contexts
	• explore examples of cultural exchanges and collaborations between India and its neighbors
	• learn about border issues and security challenges faced by India and its neighbors

4.Scheme of assessment & weightage:

Sr. No.	Assessment	Month of	Mode of	Weightage
	Cycle	Assessment	Assessment	i eignuge
1	PT1	May	Pen paper Test	35
2	PT2	July/August	Activity Based	20
			Assessment	
3	Half YEARLY	September	Pen paper Test	70
4	PT3	October/November	Activity Based	20
			Assessment	
5	PT4	December	Pen paper Test	35
6	Final	February/March	Pen paper Test	70

5. Syllabus for PTs

Periodic -I (May)

Chapter-1 Importance of Family	
Chapter-2 Human Migration	
Chapter-3 Variations in Shelters	

Half Yearly (September)

Chapter-1 Importance of Family Chapter-2 Human Migration Chapter-3 Variations in Shelters Chapter-4 Sensitivity Towards Others Chapter-5 Community Services Chapter-6 Leisure Time Chapter-7 Changing Trends in Occupation

Periodic -IV (December)

Chapter-9 Exploring India Chapter-10 Mapping India Chapter -11 Transport in Modern Times

Final Exam (March)

Chapter -8 Respecting Regional Differences Chapter -9 Exploring India Chapter -10 Mapping India Chapter -11 Transport in Modern Times Chapter -12 Communication in Modern Times Chapter -13 India's Neighbours

5. For Activity based Assessment:

PT II Syllabus

Chapter -1 Importance of Family

Nature of Activity: Role Play

Material Required (if any): Costume or prop as per role

Rubrics:

Parameters	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Needs
					Improvement
Content	express the	express the	express the	express the	Gaps in the
Knowledge	desired content	desired content	desired content	desired content	explanation of
	in an excellent	upto a good	through the	through the	the desired
	way through the	level through	character	character	content through
	character	the character	played in	played in a	the character
	played in a	played in a	somewhat	realistic way	played.
	realistic and	realistic and	realistic and	but	
				performance	

	consistent	consistent	consistent	was not	
	manner.	manner.	manner	consistent.	
Clarity of	Speech is	Speech is	Speech is clear	Speech is clear	Speech is rarely
Speech	always clear	usually clear	and easy to	and easy to	clear and not
	and easy to	and easy to	understand but	understand but	easy to
	understand with	understand with	at some points	needs	understand.
	correct voice	correct voice	lacks voice	improvement in	
	modulation and	modulation and	modulation and	voice	
	intonation.	Intonation.	intonation.	modulation and	
				intonation	
Expression and	Is/are able to	Is/are able to	Is/are able to	Is/are	Is/are rarely
Body Language	express	express	express	somewhat able	able to express
	emotions	emotions	emotions	to express	emotions
	through facial	through facial	through facial	emotions	through facial
	expression and	expression and	expression and	through facial	expression and
	gestures with	gestures with	gestures but	expression and	gestures.
	great	confidence.	needs to be	gestures with	
	confidence.		more confident.	little	
				confidence.	
Team work	Excellent team	Group members	Group shows	Group members	Group members
	work!	work very well	coordination	lack	lack
	Performance	together for the	except 1-2	coordination	collaboration
	shows great	most part of the	members.	among	and
	coordination	performance.		themselves for	coordination
	among all the			the most part of	among
	members.			the	themselves.
				performance.	Needs a lot of
					improvement

PT III Syllabus

Chapter -11 Transport in Modern Times

Nature of Activity: Poster Making

Material Required (if any): A4 sheet, colours, pencil, eraser, scale, sharpener

Parameters	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Needs
					Improvement
Relevance of	Original ideas,	Original ideas,	Several original	Some original	Few original
the idea to the	absolutely	mostly related	ideas, meeting	ideas but not	ideas, rarely
topic	meeting the	to the topic.	the demand of	completely	connected to
_	demand of the	_	the topic.	meeting the	the main topic.
	topic.		_	demand of the	
	_			topic.	
Drawings used	Neat and	Neat and	Neat but limited	Neat drawing	Drawing
to develop the	effective	effective	drawing/ some	but not	neither neat nor
main idea	drawing/	drawing/ good	drawings used.	effective/	effective/ very
	excellent	variety of	_	limited	less drawings
	variety of	drawings used.		drawings used.	used with lots
	drawings used.			-	of repetition.

Visual Impact	Overall	Overall	Overall	Needs	There is a lot of
/Overall	presentation is	presentation is	presentation is	improvement in	scope for
Presentation	outstanding.	effective.	satisfactory.	layout and	improvement.
				colour scheme	
				used.	
Critical	The work is	The work is	The work is	The work lacks	The work lacks
Thinking	very well	well organized	organized but	analysis as well	research,
	organized and	except 1-2 ideas	somewhere lack	as organization	analysis and
	gives deep	are repetitive.	research as	of data and	organization of
	critical insight		repetition of	rarely reflects	data
	into the topic.		ideas is evident.	critical insight	
	_			into the topic.	

Note: Paper pen tests will consist of VSA, SA, LA, Case Based, LOTs, HOTs questions of 1,2 3,4 & 5 marks weightage

6. Project : Trans-Disciplinary (One for each Term) (Details will be discussed in the class)

7. Internal Assessment Break-up:

Sr. No.	Type of Assessment	Weightage
1	Activity Based Assessment	20
2	Portfolio	5
3	Project and Viva	5

8. CRAB Worksheets per chapter will be assigned.

9. Prescribed books: We and Our World